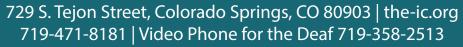


# Personal Emergency Preparedness Workbook







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### Introduction

One of the most important aspects of independent living is developing the capacity to keep ourselves safe at home, work, and in the community. This is why The Independence Center is pleased to offer this workbook to help people with disabilities plan for emergencies. Having an emergency plan in place will increase your confidence in your own ability to stay safe in a disaster situation. And, all of the pages in this workbook are available at www.theindependencecenter.org so that you can print them out and update your information regularly.

This workbook will guide you through the process of gathering the information and supplies you will need if a disaster strikes. It is filled with worksheets, checklists, and tips to help you prepare for an emergency. That way you have all of the information you need to make sure that you continue to live independently if you should ever need to evacuate your home, work, or school. You may want to make copies of these pages so that you can keep them up to date in the months and years to come.

Before you start filling out the pages in this workbook, it is important to start thinking about three people you can share information with. These individuals will be part of your Personal Support Network. You may have different Personal Support Networks at home, work, school, or anyplace you spend a great deal of time. The people in your Personal Support Network will work with you to prepare for a disaster.

Keep in mind that according to Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, people with disabilities are protected from discrimination on the basis of disability when it comes to state and local government services. That means that our community may not be excluded from participation or denied benefits from programs, activities, and services including emergency services that the state and local government provide to others. Since we are focusing on emergency services, those services include mitigation (making your neighborhood or home safer from fire), planning for how to respond to an emergency, response (including alerts, evacuations, and sheltering) and recovery (rebuilding, emergency funding, etc.). This means that services offered to other residents must reasonably accommodate residents with disabilities.

Finally, completing this workbook, identifying the members of your Personal Support Network, and putting together emergency kits for your home, car, and person are only the beginning. We encourage you to learn more about disasters that can happen in your area. Contact the resources on the last pages to learn more about disaster planning, first aid, and sheltering.

Remember, you are ultimately responsible for yourself. Being prepared is one of the most important things you can do to live up to that obligation.

# **Emergency and Disaster Preparation**

Fill out the Emergency Information List.		Talk with your doctor or pharmacist
Fill out the Medical Information List.		about what you should do if you do not have enough medicine after a disaster. Also, find out the shelf life of
Fill out a Disability Specific Checklist.		your medication and the storage temperature it needs.
Attach copies of your health insurance cards and related information to your Medical Information List.		Determine how often you should replace stored medication,
Keep at least a three-day supply of essential medications with you at all times. One option is to put the last 3 days of your monthly supply in the kit, and rotate those three at the end each month, when you refill.		Identify places to go during an: -Wildfire - Tornado - Winter Storm - Flood
Have extra copies of prescriptions with you at all times.		
Install at least one smoke detector on each leve	l of	your home, as well as one in each bedroon
Find the location of utility cutoff valves and switches. Become familiar with how to operate them.		
Identify as many exits as possible (at least two) from each room and from your building.		
Make a floor plan of your home, including primary escape routes.		
Practice your escape plan.		
Decide what equipment you will need for assistance during an evacuation.		
Be ready to give brief, clear, specific instructions and directions to rescue workers.		
Become familiar with the emergency or disaster evacuation plan for your office, school, or other locations where you spend a lot of time.		
Have an alternative place to stay if you are evac Have a plan to care for your pets and/or Service		

### **Personal Support Network**

### WHO, WHAT, WHERE AND WHY?

A Personal Support Network is a group of people who come together to help keep one another safe in an emergency. The people in your Personal Support Network will work with you to prepare for a disaster. You might practice evacuating together, or work with one another to prepare emergency kits for your car, home, and to carry with you on your person. The following tips will help you develop your Personal Support Network:

Ask people you know and trust to be part of your Personal Support Network. Members of your Network can be relatives, neighbors, coworkers, or friends. You should have at least three people in your Personal Support Network for each location you spend a lot of time at (home, work, school, volunteer sites, etc.).

#### How to Prepare

Give copies of your Emergency Information, Medical Information, and Disability- Related Supply lists to members of your Personal Support Network.

Have members of your Personal Support Network check on you if emergency officials issue an evacuation order, or if a disaster occurs. If you are Deaf or hard of hearing, have members of your Personal Support Network contact you when a siren or loudspeaker announces an emergency.

Do not count on phone service during an emergency. Decide on signals members of your Personal Support Network can use in an emergency that all of you will understand. For instance, you can hang sheets outside your windows, shout to each other or use high-pitched noisemakers or bells to let one another know if an emergency is happening.

Share important keys with your Personal Support Network so that they can enter your home, car, or other places if they need to. If you use special equipment of any sort, make sure members of your Personal Support Network know how to operate and safely move it. It is a good idea to make labels with instructions for your equipment.

If you have a service animal, make sure the animal is familiar with members of your Personal Support Network. This will make it easier on your animal if it needs to receive care from someone other than you.

If you need any type of personal assistance, make sure members of your Personal Support Network know what you need and how to provide it.

#### PRACTICE AND REVIEW

- Practice evacuating from your home, office, or school with members of your Personal Support Network. You should choose an emergency meeting place where you can reunite with your Personal Support Network after evacuating from your home, school, or office. Select a signal you can use to let your Personal Support Network know that you have safely evacuated if you cannot meet in person.
- Review and revise your plan with your Personal Support Network every six months, or as your situation changes.
- Be sure to let your Personal Support Network know when you plan to travel!
- When contacting your Personal Support Network, consider texting over phone calls, if possible. Phone lines need to remain clear for first responders, and cell towers can be quickly overwhelmed. Texts send faster, and easier.
- During an active emergency
  Safeandwell.org is a website to
  log your location and share any
  messages with friends/family. You
  can register from wherever you are,
  and as long as the family member
  or friend knows your name and
  EITHER your phone number or
  your pre-disaster address, they can
  look up any messages, needs or
  information you choose to share.
  Ways to be in touch, ways to help,
  etc. This information can be updated
  regularly, as your information
  changes.
- P Consider asking one of your personal support network to update your Facebook, Twitter or other social media accounts that you may use often. Encourage inquiring family to contact that person for updates and information, to allow you to free your time to contact doctors, insurance and other important calls you may need to make.

## **Medical Information & Supply List**

Supplies: Check items you use	
☐ Glasses:	☐ Suction Equipment:
☐ Ostomy Supplies:	☐ Wheelchair:
☐ Eating Utensils:	☐ Sanitary Supplies:
□ Walker:	☐ Wheelchair Repair Kit:
☐ Grooming Utensils:	□Other
☐ Crutches:	
☐ Dressing Devices:	
☐ Cane(s):	
☐ Writing Devices:	
☐ Dentures:	
☐ Hearing Devices:	
☐ Dialysis Equipment:	
☐ Oxygen: Flow Rate:	
□ Urinary Supplies:	П

### **Emergency Kits**

At a minimum, you should have two emergency kits prepared: a personal kit that you can keep with you at all times, and a larger kit that you can keep at home. If you have a car, you should have a mobile emergency kit there, as well. Finally, if you have a service animal, you should keep a separate emergency kit to make sure you can care for your animal in the event of a disaster.

Your emergency kits should, at a minimum, allow you to sustain yourself for at least three days. Ideally, your kits should contain supplies for up to seven days. Depending on your disability, you may need items that are not included on the following lists. Please refer to the disability specific tips pages for ideas on additional items you might need.

#### PERSONAL EMERGENCY KIT

Your personal emergency kit should contain essential items that you cannot live without, and you should keep it with you at all times.
☐ Food- 2 meals per day/per person. (Rotate food for freshness)
☐ Water- I gallon per day/per person (Rotate water for freshness)
☐ First Aid/medical Supplies (also Medical Information- insurance, prescriptions, advance directives, DNRs, etc)
$\square$ Tools (to fix equipment.Also consider batteries for items you bring)
□ Clothing/Bedding- Consider seasons, and rotate clothing accordingly. Any supportive pillows, blankets and bed items should be included as well)
☐ Important Documents (Emergency Information List, proof of address, lease agreement/mortgage loan information, insurances, ID's of any kind, passport, social security, birth certificate, etc)

☐ Misc. Other- Any comfort items, hygiene items, items for pets/service animals, hearing aids, glasses, communication devices, phone charger, cash, cell phone, key ring flashlight, any device that draws attention to yourself
☐ Other Disability Specific Items:
Home Emergency Kit
☐ Personal Emergency Kit Items listed on Page 17
$\square$ Sturdy gloves to protect your hands from rubble and debris.
$\square$ Roll of duct tape and plastic sheeting.
$\hfill\square$ Can Opener and canned goods- enough to survive 3 days at home with no food or running water.
☐ Warm blankets
☐ Other Disability Specific Items:
CAR EMERGENCY KIT
☐ Personal Emergency Kit Items listed on Page 17
☐ Tow Straps
☐ Jumper Cables
$\square$ Reflective traffic triangles, or cones to redirect traffic around your vehicle
$\square$ Towels or dry clothing items
$\square$ Snacks that are NOT held together by chocolate or honey
$\square$ Winter goggles or eye protection of some kind

☐ Warm gloves/hat/mittens
$\Box$ Options to use the restroom (in case you are stranded for a long period of time
☐ Other Disability Specific Items:
SERVICE ANIMAL EMERGENCY KIT
$\square$ Vaccination records, along with a photo of the animal.
☐ Food, treats, and water – at least a three-day supply,
☐ Food and water dishes.
$\square$ Brush, shampoo, and other relevant hygiene items.
☐ Pooper scooper or plastic bags for waste disposal.
☐ Animal first aid kit (medications, vitamins, contact information for local vet offices, tape, scissors, antibacterial soap, and cotton balls).
☐ Leashes, Vests, collars, etc.
$\Box$ Veterinarian information- ID tags/vet tags, or if the animal is chipped, ensure the chip is up to date with address and contact information

### **Chemical and Food Sensitivities**

#### BEFORE A DISASTER HAPPENS...

Anticipate that emergency personnel will probably not be able to meet your needs during an emergency. Include air filtering items such as masks, or food items you can safely eat in all of your emergency kits.

ITEMS TO ADD TO EMERGENCY KITS		
<ul> <li>☐ Chemical/Food Sensitivities:</li> <li>☐ Alternate cooking method</li> <li>☐ Antihistamine</li> <li>☐ Disposable hand wipes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Disposable plates and utensils</li> <li>□ Epinephrine auto-injector</li> <li>□ Ready-to-eat foods</li> <li>□ Special dietary supplements</li> </ul>	
Breathing/Respiratory Limitations:	Don't Forget	
<ul> <li>□ Alternate charging source</li> <li>□ Alternate power source</li> <li>□ Extra batteries, alternate power source, or charging system for oxygen and breathing devices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>☐ Check your emergency kits regularly to ensure food items and medications are not expired.</li> <li>☐ Ensure that masks, towels, and other supplies are clean</li> </ul>	
☐ N95 rated particulate filter mask	and ready for use at regular intervals.	
☐ Rechargeable batteries		
☐ Resuscitation bag		
☐ Towels, masks, industrial respirators or other supplies you can use to filter your air supply		

### **Cognitive Disabilities**

#### BEFORE A DISASTER HAPPENS...

Mark your calendar and check your emergency kits every six months. Make sure medications and food items are not expired.

Update personal information on your Emergency and Medical Information Lists, and make sure you have current copies of your health insurance cards in your kits.

Practice what you will do during a disaster at your job, home, school, or any place you spend a lot of time.

Keep a list of tasks you will need to do in an emergency on a small tape recorder you can carry with you at all times. This will help you remember what you need to do.

Make sure you give copies of your written emergency plan to the people in your Personal Support Network. You can call them, if it is safe, during an emergency. Think about what an emergency worker will need to know.

### For example:

"I use a communication device. I can point to simple pictures or key words."  "I forget things easily. Please write down information for me."		
Write your statement below:		
Practice your statement when you need to.	so that you remember it	and can tell an emergency worker
ITEMS TO ADD TO EMER	GENCY KITS	
Organizational Aids:		Prompting Devices:
<ul><li>☐ Color Post-it flags</li><li>☐ Color Sticky Notes</li><li>☐ Highlighter marker</li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Highlighter tape</li><li>☐ Notebook</li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Picture prompting books</li><li>☐ Talking Photo Album</li><li>☐ Voice Cue</li></ul>

### **Communication or Speech Limitations**

#### BEFORE A DISASTER HAPPENS...

Figure out how you will let emergency personnel know what you need if you do not have communication devices with you (word boards, augmentative communication devices, artificial larynx, etc.).

Store pads of paper and pens, copies of letter/word boards, or any other communication aids you believe you might need in all of your emergency kits.

Make sure your Medical Information List explains the best way to communicate with you.

If you use a computer frequently as a means of communication, make sure you have an alternative power source in your emergency kits.

ITEMS TO ADD TO EMERGENCY KITS	
Low Tech Communication Aids:	
<ul><li>□ Laminated alphabet boards</li><li>□ Laminated communication board</li><li>□ Paper and pens</li></ul>	

### **Deaf or Hard of Hearing**

#### BEFORE A DISASTER HAPPENS...

- Store hearing aids in the same secure place consistently so that you can locate them easily during an emergency.
- If possible, keep an extra hearing aid in your emergency supply kits.
- Store extra batteries for hearing aids or implants in your emergency supply kits. Install both audible and visible smoke alarms in your home.
- Decide how you will communicate with emergency personnel if there are no interpreters available, or if your hearing aids are not available/ operational.
- Carry a pre-printed card that reads

"I speak American Sign Language."

- Periodically remind TV stations that they must broadcast all emergency information in open caption format and have interpreters on camera.
- When traveling, make sure hotels have access packets for people who are Deaf or hard of hearing. Ask for them when you check in.

#### DISABILITY SPECIFIC CHECKLIST

☐ Store and maintain extra hearing aids and batteries.
<ul><li>Install both audible and visual smoke alarms.</li></ul>
☐ Write down key phrases

for emergency workers.

#### ITEMS TO ADD TO EMERGENCY KITS

☐ Paper and pens		
☐ Cell phone amplifier	, st	
☐ Extra hearing aid batteries	Consider getting a weather radio	
☐ Portable phone amplifier	with a visual/text display that	
☐ Vibrating watch	warns of weather emergencies	
☐ Dry erase board		
☐ Extra cochlear implant batteries		
☐ Extra power cord for your smart phone or pager		
☐ Amplification systems – pocket talker		
☐ Alternate power source or charging system for your smart phone or pager		

### **Life Support Systems**

#### BEFORE A DISASTER HAPPENS...

Figure out which facilities or providers can meet your needs if your usual provider cannot help you or your system becomes inoperable.

Find out more about the following issues:

Alternative power sources that can keep you going for up to seven days.

Manually operated equipment.

The use of a vehicle battery to power equipment.

Generally, gasoline powered generators are preferable to other types. If you opt for a gasoline powered generator, be sure to test it periodically, store gasoline safely, and keep a syphon kit on hand in the event you have to get gasoline from a vehicle.

If you use a battery powered backup system, be sure to make sure batteries are charged periodically. You may ask your utility company for advice on the use and maintenance of your backup power supply.

If you are registered with Colorado Springs Utilities, they will give you advance information about planned outages only.

Secure life support equipment with welded (not bent) chains to prevent damage. Make sure everyone in your Personal Support Network knows how to operate and move your equipment. Attach instructions to all machines.

#### **OXYGEN USERS:**

Find out if using a reduced flow rate during an emergency will help your system last longer. If so, record the reduced flow numbers on your equipment. Post "Oxygen in Use" signs so that emergency personnel can identify them easily. Make sure you can get to the shut-off switch for your equipment quickly in an emergency.

### ITEMS TO ADD TO EMERGENCY KITS

Breathing/Respiratory Limitations:	Mobility Limitations:
<ul> <li>□ Alternate charging source</li> <li>□ Alternate power source</li> <li>□ N95 rated particulate filter mask</li> <li>□ Rechargeable batteries</li> <li>□ Resuscitation bag</li> <li>□ Extra batteries, alternate power source, or charging system for oxygen and breathing devices</li> <li>□ Towels, masks, industrial respirators or other supplies you can use to filter your air supply</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Bottle openers</li> <li>□ Cooling aids</li> <li>□ Dressing aids</li> <li>□ Drink holders</li> <li>□ Drinking aids – long straw, uDrin</li> <li>□ Eating aids</li> <li>□ Reachers</li> <li>□ Writing aids</li> </ul>
Medical Needs:	DISABILITY SPECIFIC CHECKLIST
☐ Blood pressure monitor	Make sure vital equipment is secured.
<ul> <li>☐ Medi-straw</li> <li>☐ Medication reminders/alarms</li> <li>☐ Nail Clippers</li> <li>☐ Pill boxes Pill splitter Pill popper</li> <li>☐ Pill swallowing cup</li> <li>☐ RX Magnifiers</li> <li>☐ Talking Glucose Meter</li> <li>☐ Thermometers</li> <li>☐ USB MediTag</li> </ul>	Keep an up-to-date list of alternate providers in your emergency kits.
	Make sure everyone in your Personal Support Network knows how to operate your equipment, including backup power sources.
	Test your backup power sources regularly.
	Teach members of your Personal Support Network how to operate and move all equipment, and keep instructions with each piece.

### **Mobility Limitations**

#### BEFORE A DISASTER HAPPENS...

- Keep a personal emergency kit attached to your walker, wheelchair, or scooter.
- Store any assistive technologies (canes, crutches, walkers, wheelchairs, etc.) you use close by in a consistent and secure place.
- If you use a motorized wheelchair, keep extra batteries with your emergency kits. Ask your vendor if you can recharge batteries by connecting jumper cables to a vehicle battery, and if there are any special converters available that would allow you to recharge with a vehicle cigarette lighter.
- Keep a patch kit or a can of "seal in air" in your emergency kits if you do not have puncture proof tires on your wheelchair.
- If you can obtain one, keep a lightweight manual wheelchair with your emergency kits (at least your larger home kit).
- Prepare for the possibility that you will have to leave your chair behind in an evacuation.

- Practice lifting and carrying techniques with members of your Personal Support Network, and be prepared to let emergency personnel know how they can help you move best.
- If you regularly spend time in places where you use elevators, practice evacuating from those areas without using the elevator.
- Secure furniture in your home, office, or anyplace you spend a lot of time to prevent possible barriers.
- Keep a pair of heavy gloves with you at all times, just in case you have to wheel over glass or debris.

#### ITEMS TO ADD TO EMERGENCY KITS

Heavy gloves for wheeling over glass or debris.
Bottle openers
Cooling aids Dressing aids
Drink holders
Drinking aids – long straw, uDrink
Eating aids Reachers Writing aids

### **Psychiatric Disabilities**

#### BEFORE A DISASTER HAPPENS...

There are several ways you might react to an emergency on emotional, mental, or physical levels. It is important to anticipate reactions you may have and think through strategies for coping with them.

It is possible that the following emotional responses might occur or become more severe during and after an emergency: confusion, fear, paranoia, sadness, panic, depression, withdrawal, irritability, and anxiety.

You might also experience one or more of the following: difficulty with memory or mental processing, shaking, pacing, shouting, or crying.

Seek advice from friends, family, therapists, or other service providers on additional ideas for coping.

Let members of your Personal Support Network know what your plans are, and keep them apprised so that they can lend support during an emergency.

Practice communicating your needs.

Think about and plan for the reactions you may have during and after a disaster.

Think about what an emergency worker will need to know.

### For example:

"I have a panic disorder. If I panic, (instructions for medication or other intervention)."

vyrite your	r statement be	210W:		
,				

Practice your statement so that you remember it and can tell an emergency worker when you need to.

\ A / · .

### **Visual Disabilities**

#### BEFORE A DISASTER HAPPENS...

Keep extra canes (if you use them) in secure and consistent locations at home, work, school, or anyplace you spend a lot of time in so that you can get around obstacles and hazards if you need to.

Place security lights around travel paths if you have some vision.

Think about how you will navigate without audio cues, which you might not be able to rely on during or after a disaster.

Label supplies with large print, fluorescent tape, or Braille so that you can access items easily.

Secure special equipment such as electronic magnifiers or computers.

Remind news outlets to not only show important phone numbers on screen during an emergency, but to announce them slowly and repeat them for people who cannot read the screen.

#### ITEMS TO ADD TO EMERGENCY KITS

☐ Big Print Address Book	☐ Liquid Level Indicator
☐ Book light	☐ Magnifiers
☐ Cell phone magnifier	$\square$ Mark your disaster supplies with
☐ Extra batteries, alternate power	fluorescent tape, large print or Braille
source or charging system	☐ Signature guide
☐ Extra glasses	$\square$ Talking watch
☐ Have high-powered flashlights	☐ Talking clock/calendar
with wide beams and extra batteries	

GUIDANCE FOR EMERGENCY PROFILE	
☐ Include your name as it appears on your most current medical file.	☐ Thumb drives can be password protected.
☐ Make secure copies of your important documents- do NOT place original documents in ANY of your emergency kits	☐ Keep your password(s) available in your wallet, or other place that you may know, but most people would not.
☐ Storage of documents- if you can, store your documents electronically, either on a cloud server, or a secured thumb drive.	☐ United Policy Holders has an app that will allow you to take photos of your home, and its contents, and store them on their cloud. If you have the ability to utilize their app, it is built
☐ Consider multiple thumb drives- to give to your personal network.	to assist you with navigating insurance needs during an emergency or when making a claim.
DOCUMENTS TO INCLUDE IN YOUR KIT(S)	
<ul> <li>□ Marriage License/Divorce paperwork</li> <li>□ Any legal documents with specific instructions (restraining orders, child support, legal directives, etc)</li> </ul>	☐ Preferred hospital, primary care information, home health provider contact information, medical equipment contact, etc.
☐ Insurance information- Home, vehicle, and any others you may have- also	☐ Veterinary care information for your pet/service animal.
include a phone number for your insurance agent.	$\square$ Tax information from one year prior
☐ A piece of mail with your current address on it-preferably a utility bill	☐ Hard Maps, with routes marked for exit out of your community. Two or more exit routes is ideal.
<ul> <li>Lease, mortgage and/or rental agreements for your home or your property</li> </ul>	☐ Any important contacts within your Personal Support Network that you
☐ Prescriptions, doctors note and/or any supporting medical paperwork that may aid you in receiving needed assistance.	may need to access if your phone is unavailable.

### **How to Shelter in Place**

Emergency personnel may tell you to shelter in place during certain kinds of disasters, like chemical spills. "Shelter in place" essentially means to take immediate shelter wherever you are at. You will need to pay attention to authorities to find out whether you need to simply take refuge where you are or take additional measures to seal the room to prevent outside air from coming in.

The items in your Home Emergency Kit should help you shelter in place for up to seven days. Here are some additional tips to help you prepare to take shelter immediately:

- Check your emergency kits on a regular basis.
- Register for the "reverse 911" system at www.elpasoteller911.org/ to get notifications sent to your cell phone.
- Evacuate only when instructed to do so by emergency personnel.
- Choose a room in advance for you to shelter in. This room should be in the innermost portion of your home, with limited/no windows.
- Contact your workplace, children's schools, or anyplace you have family to find out what their shelter in place plans are.
- At work, help make sure that emergency plans involve all employees. The safety planning team should have prescribed duties, and alternates should be assigned for each duty just in case someone is out for the day.

- Contact your Personal Support Network to let them know that you are safe.
- Bring service animals, pets, and children indoors immediately when a shelter in place order is issued.
  - If children are at school, they may be sheltered there.
  - Set up a place for your animals to relieve themselves indoors.
- Close and lock all doors and windows, and close shades, curtains, and blinds. Turn off your heating or air conditioning system, along with all fans. Close your fireplace or woodstove flues.
- If you are instructed to seal the room, use duct tape and plastic sheeting to seal all cracks around doors and windows. Tape over vents and electrical outlets, too.
- Turn off any air-intake, such as heating and cooling systems, air filtration systems, etc. If instructed, consider turning off water intake as well.

### Knowing How an Emergency Might Affect Your Disability

Disaster situations can be overwhelming – both physically and emotionally. It is important to understand how stress related to a disaster can impact your disability. Anyone affected by a disaster may experience one or more of the following symptom

Thought	Behavior
<ul> <li>Poor concentration</li> <li>Confusion</li> <li>Slowness of thought</li> <li>Limited ability to communicate verbally or in writing</li> <li>Forgetfulness</li> <li>Poor judgment</li> <li>Limited ability to think of alternatives or prioritize</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hyperactivity</li> <li>Angry outbursts</li> <li>Limited objectivity</li> <li>Withdrawal, isolation, or distancing</li> <li>Increased use of tobacco, alcohol, or other drugs</li> <li>Avoidance of activities or places</li> <li>Family problems</li> </ul>

Psychological or Emotional	Physical
<ul> <li>Anxiety</li> <li>Irritability or restlessness</li> <li>Depression or crying</li> <li>Anger or blaming</li> <li>Apathy or diminished interest in usual activities</li> <li>Feelings of isolation or estrangement</li> <li>Feelings of guilt about surviving</li> <li>Denial or constricted feelings</li> <li>Exaggerated reactions to being startled</li> <li>Recurrent nightmares</li> <li>Insomnia</li> <li>Excessive sleeping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Headaches</li> <li>Weakness</li> <li>Nausea or upset stomach</li> <li>Sore muscles Sweating or chills</li> <li>Numbness or tingling</li> <li>Heavy feeling in arms or legs</li> <li>Lump in your throat</li> <li>Chest pain Tremors</li> <li>Fatigue</li> <li>Increase in allergies, colds, or flu</li> <li>Heart palpitations</li> </ul>

# **Emergency Resources**

### All Emergencies - Call 911

National and Statewide Emergency Resources					
Poison Control Center, National	1-800-222-1222				
Colorado Division of Wildlife	719-227-5200				
Colorado State Patrol	303-239-4501				
Colorado Department of Transportation	303-639-1111				
Colorado Road Conditions	511				
United Way (Community Resource Info)	211				

Pikes Peak Regional Emergency Resources						
Poison Control Center, Local	719-776-5333					
American Red Cross, Pikes Peak Chapter	719-632-3563					
Humane Society of the Pikes Peak Region	719-473-1741					
Colorado Springs Fire Department	719-385-5950					
Colorado Springs Office of Emergency Management	719-385-5957					
Colorado Springs Police Department	719-444-7000					
Colorado Springs Utilities	719-448-4800					
El Paso County Dept. of Health and Environment	719-578-3199					
El Paso County Hazardous Waste Facility	719-520-7878					
El Paso County Sheriff	719-390-5555					
Park County Animal Control	719-836-4380					
Park County Sheriff	719-836-2494					
Park County Dispatch, Non-Emergency	719-836-4121					
Park County Sheriff	719-836-2494					
Park County Dispatch, Non-Emergency	719-836-4121					
Teller County Office of Emergency Management	719-689-2988					
Teller County Sheriff	719-687-9652					

	Other Helpful Resource	es
Cell Phone Emergency Notification System	Early warning calls or texts.	www.elpasoteller911.org
Community Emergency Response Team (CERT):	Free basic training cert@springsgov.com	719-385-5957
Ready Colorado	Basic preparedness.	http://www.readycolorado.com/
Pet Aid Colorado	Preparedness for pets.	http://www.petaidcolorado.org/



### Where to Get Emergency Information

### **Television Stations in Colorado Springs**

Network	Call Sign	Channel	Website
NBC	KOAA-TV	5.1	www.koaa.com
CBS	KKTV	11.1	www.kktv.com
ABC	KRDO-TV	13.1	www.krdo.com
Fox	KXRM-TV	21.1	www.coloradoconnection.com
PBS	KTSC	8.1	www.rmpbs.org
UNI	KVSN-DT	48.1	www.univision.com

### **Radio Stations in Colorado Springs**

Call Sign	Frequen	cy Format		Call Sign	Frequency	Format
KCME	88.7 FM	Classical		KTPL	100.3 FM	Christian
KTLC	89.1 FM	Gospel Music		KBIQ	102.7 FM	Christian
KEPC	89.7 FM	College		KVUU	103.1 FM	Top 40
KTLF	90.5 FM	Religious		KRXP	103.9 FM	Rock
KRCC	91.5 FM	Public Radio		KRDO	105.5 FM	News/Talk
KVRH	91.5 FM	Contemporary		KTLF	105.9 FM	Religious
KKPK	92.9 FM	Contemporary	ΠI	KIQN	106.9 FM	Top 40
KILO	94.3 FM	Rock		KDZA	107.9 FM	Classic Rock
KTLF	94.7 FM	Religious		KVOR	740 AM	News/Talk
KATC	95.1 FM	Country	1	KCBR	1040 AM	Religious
KIBT	96.1 FM	Нір Нор	<b>-</b> [1	KLIM	1120 AM	Contemporary
KLDV	96.5 FM	Christian		KRDO	1120 AM	Sports
KXPK	96.5 FM	Regional Mexican	٦.	KKML	1300 AM	Sports
KCCY	96.9 FM	Country		KVRH	1340 AM	Oldies
KTLF	97.5 FM	Religious		KRLN	1400 AM	Oldies
KKFM	98.1 FM	Classic Rock		KSKE	1450 AM	Talk
KYGO	98.5 FM	Unknown		KZNT	1460 AM	Talk
KKMG	98.9 FM	Top 40		KXRE	1490 AM	Spanish
KQMT	99.5 FM	Classic Rock		KCMN	1530 AM	Nostalgia
KVUU	99.9 FM	Top 40		KWYD	1580 AM	Talk

#### **Other Sources of Information**

Television and radio stations often have websites and Facebook accounts that have up-to-the- minute information. Twitter is also a good resource for breaking news.

### **Other Resources For information:**

### PREPAREDNESS WEBSITES:

www.ready.gov www.redcross.org/prepare www.coloradosprings.gov adm.elpasoco.com www.coemergency.com www.theindependencecenter.org





### News and information via Facebook

https://www.facebook.com/KRDONewsChannel13/https://www.facebook.com/KOAA/https://www.facebook.com/kktv11news/

### PREPAREDNESS ON FACEBOOK

https://www.facebook.com/americasprepareathon/

### PREPAREDNESS APPS

Red Cross Emergency App FEMA App Local News Apps (Check your Google Play or App Store for these free options, which will give you tips and suggestions, as well as notifications when there is an emergency in your area)

### References

Assistive Technology Partners, CU Denver: http://www.ucdenver.edu/academics/colleges/medicalschool/Programs/atp/Pages/Assistiv eTechnologyPartners.aspx

Colorado Springs Emergency Preparedness and Safety Guide: http://www.springsgov.com/units/fire/oem/Colorado%20Springs%20Emergency%20Prep aredness%20 and%20Safety%20Guide.pdf

Disaster Preparedness for People with Disabilities, American Red Cross Disaster Services: http://www.redcross.org/www-files/Documents/pdf/Preparedness/Fast%20 Facts/Disaster\_Preparedness\_for\_PwD- English.pdf

Disasters R Us, disAbility Preparedness: http://www.disastersrus.org/MyDisasters/disability/disability\_preparedness.htm

Inclusive Preparedness Center: http://inclusivepreparedness.org/DisasterReadiness.html

Independent Living Resource Center, San Francisco: Publications – Emergency Preparedness:

http://www.ilrcsf.org/resources/publications.shtml

Kansas Department of Health and Environment: Emergency Preparedness – Kansans with

Disabilities Can Be Healthy: http://www.kdheks.gov/disability/emerg prepared.htm

Nobody Left Behind: Disaster Preparedness for Persons with Mobility Impairments. Resources:

http://nobodyleftbehind2.org/resources/index.shtml

Preparing for a Disaster for People with Disabilities and other Special Needs, American Red Cross: http://www.redcross.org/images/MEDIA\_CustomProductCatalog/m4240199\_A4497.pdf

Notes:			

# CENTER FOR INDEPENDENT LIVING HOME HEALTH | CNA SCHOOL | ADVOCACY

# ABOUT

The Independence Center is a local nonprofit organization that provides traditional and self-directed home health care, independent living, and advocacy services for people with disabilities. These services range from providing peer support, skills classes, and employment assistance to individuals and advocacy to affect change within and outside the disabilities system. The IC's mission is to work with people with disabilities, their families, and the community to create independence so all may thrive.









### HOME HEALTH CARE

The IC offers home health care that is licensed and non-licensed, self directed or physician-directed, for all ages, and with the caregiver of your choice or an employee of The IC.

### **CNA SCHOOL**

The Independence Center's CNA School offers day and evening classes to become a qualified Certified Nurse Aide.



### COMCAST'S SUPPORT CENTER FOR CUSTOMERS WITH DISABILITIES

XFINITY® Customers who rely on key services—including closed captioning, video description and Voice Guidance—now have direct access to a specially trained customer support team dedicated to resolving issues of importance to our customers with disabilities.

Customers can reach the center between the hours of 7 AM and 12 AM (Eastern Time), seven days a week.

phone: 855-270-0379

e-mail: accessibility@comcast.com chat: comcastsupport.com/accessibility web: xfinity.com/accessibilitysupport







